

Std. - 11 (Semester-2)

Chemistry (052) (E)

Sample Question Paper

Time : 3 Hrs.

Total Marks : 100

Instructions :

- (1) There are total 59 questions in this question paper and all are compulsory.
- (2) Student can use log-table or simple calculator for calculations.
- (3) Give necessary figure formula and equation if required.
- (4) All necessary steps in numericals and in derivation of formula must be given.
- (5) Different parts of the same question should be attempted at one place.
- (6) Some constants are given as follows  $R = 4.184 \text{ JK}^{-1}\text{mol}^{-1}$ ,  $N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23}\text{mol}^{-1}$

SECTION - A

- Select only one Correct option of the following multiple choice questions. [16]  
(Each of 1 mark)

- (1) In  $\text{OF}_2$  molecule, the number of bonding electron pairs and non-bonding electron pairs are respectively,

(A) 2 and 2                      (B) 2 and 4                      (C) 2 and 0                      (D) 2 and 8

- (2) Which of the following mixture is not applicable to Dalton's law of partial pressure at a given temperature ?

(A)  $\text{He} + \text{CH}_4 + \text{N}_2$                       (B)  $\text{O}_2 + \text{N}_2 + \text{Ar}$

(C)  $\text{NH}_3 + \text{HCl} + \text{HBr}$                       (D)  $\text{N}_2 + \text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2$

- (3) Which of the following relationship is correct at equilibrium for partial pressure of  $\text{H}_2$  (g) for the given reaction ?



(A)  $p_{\text{H}_2} \propto \frac{(p_{\text{H}_2\text{O}})^2}{(p_{\text{CO}})^{1/2}}$

(B)  $p_{\text{H}_2} \propto p_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$

(C)  $p_{\text{H}_2} \propto \frac{p_{\text{CO}}}{p_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}}$

(D)  $p_{\text{H}_2} \propto (p_{\text{H}_2\text{O}})^{1/2}$

- (4) The correct order of ionization enthalpy of gr-13 elements is :

(A)  $\text{B} > \text{Al} > \text{Ga} > \text{In} > \text{Tl}$

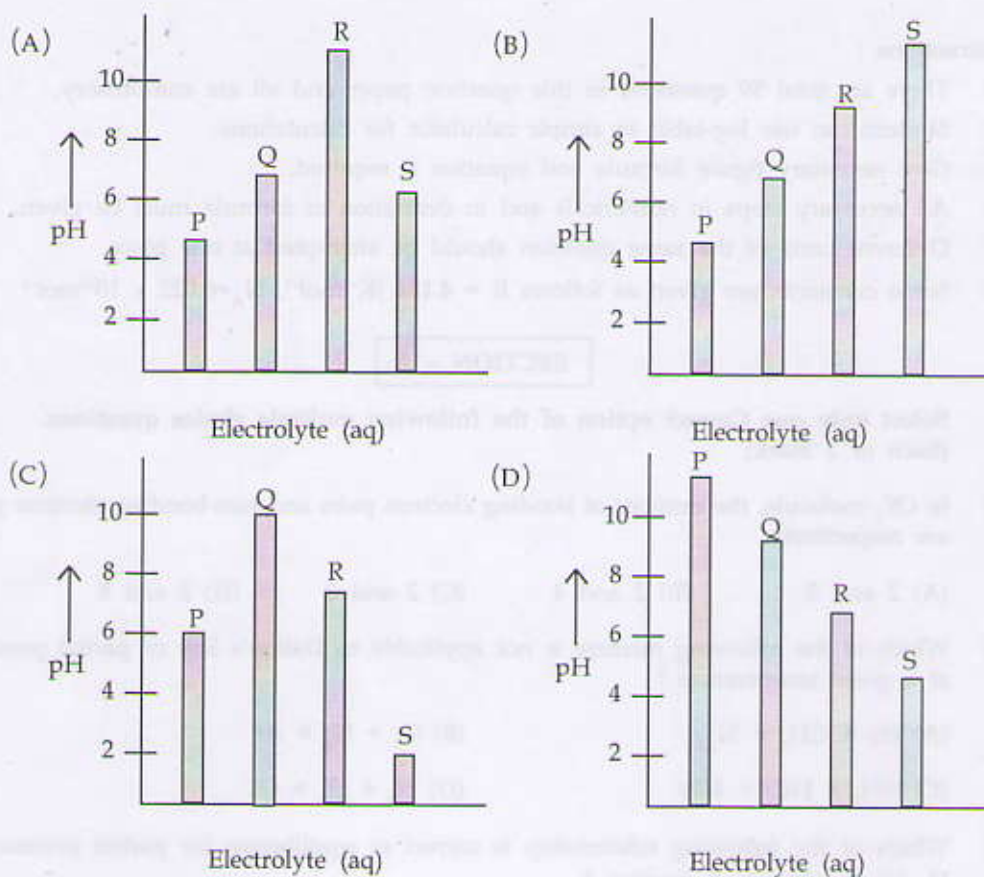
(B)  $\text{B} > \text{Ga} > \text{Al} > \text{In} > \text{Tl}$

(C)  $\text{B} > \text{Tl} > \text{Ga} > \text{Al} > \text{In}$

(D)  $\text{B} > \text{Tl} > \text{Ga} > \text{In} > \text{Al}$

- (5) Which of the following graphs correctly represents the pH values of aqueous solutions of given electrolytes.

Electrolytes : P =  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}_{(\text{aq})}$       Q =  $\text{CH}_3\text{COONa}_{(\text{aq})}$   
 R =  $\text{KNO}_3_{(\text{aq})}$       S =  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_{4(\text{aq})}$



- (6) When  $\text{O}_2^{1-}$  is converted into  $\text{O}_2$ , then which changes of the following is not associated ?
- One electron gets removed from  $\pi^* \text{MO}$ .
  - Its bond order changes from 1.5 to 2.0.
  - Its bond dissociation energy increases.
  - Its magnetic property changes from paramagnetic to diamagnetic.
- (7)  $\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n-2}$  formula is applicable to :
- Only alkyne
  - Only cycloalkene
  - Only alkadiene
  - All given here
- (8) If the volume of ideal gas of fixed quantity is halved and temperature in kelvin is doubled, then the pressure of this gas will be :
- Doubled
  - Increases 4 times.
  - Decreases to 1/4
  - Remains the same



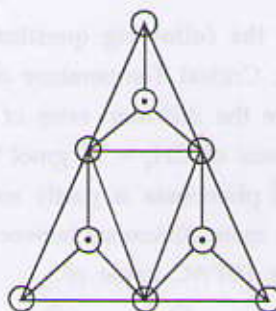
- (9) At a given temperature and in a closed vessel, following equilibrium are established simultaneously.



If some amount CO-gas is added to this system, then in new equilibrium state, the concentration of :

- (A)  $\text{PCl}_5$  will decrease and  $\text{COCl}_2$  will increase.  
 (B)  $\text{PCl}_5$  will increase and  $\text{COCl}_2$  will decrease.  
 (C)  $\text{PCl}_5$  and  $\text{COCl}_2$  both will increase.  
 (D)  $\text{PCl}_5$  and  $\text{COCl}_2$  both will decrease.
- (10) Which is true about this silicate structure ?

- (A) It contains  $\text{Si}_3\text{O}_{12}^{6-}$  silicate ion.  
 (B) It has three O-atoms out of plane and six O-atoms in the same plane.  
 (C) It has three O-atoms shared with other neighbouring tetrahedra per  $\text{SiO}_4$  unit.  
 (D) It is found in diopside silicate mineral.



- (11) An alkane-hydrocarbon has molecular mass  $72 \text{ g-mol}^{-1}$ . Thus, its number of possible isomers are :  
 (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5
- (12) Identify the following products X, Y, and Z respectively in following reactions.  
 (i)  $\text{CaCO}_{3(s)} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \text{X}_{(s)} + \text{CO}_{2(g)}$   
 (ii)  $\text{X}_{(s)} + \text{carbon} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \text{Y}_{(s)} + \text{CO}_{(g)}$   
 (iii)  $\text{Y}_{(s)} + \text{water} \longrightarrow \text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 + \text{Z}_{(g)}$   
 (A)  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ ,  $\text{CaC}_2$  (B)  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{CaC}_2$ ,  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4$   
 (C)  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{CaC}_2$ ,  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$  (D)  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{CaC}_2$ ,  $\text{CH}_4$
- (13) For Benzene, on its complete reduction with  $\text{H}_2$  in presence of Ni-catalyst, which of the following is true ?  
 (A) It produces cyclohexane with absorption of  $358.9 \text{ kJmol}^{-1}$  of heat energy.  
 (B) It produces n-hexane along with liberation of  $150.63 \text{ kJmol}^{-1}$  of heat energy.  
 (C) It produces cyclo hexane along with the evolution of  $358.9 \text{ kJmol}^{-1}$  of heat energy.  
 (D) It produces cyclo hexane along with evolution of  $208.36 \text{ kJmol}^{-1}$  of heat energy.
- (14) For which of the following gases, the contribution of green house gas and its % is not matched correctly ?  
 (A)  $\text{CO}_2 \rightarrow 50\%$  (B)  $\text{CH}_4 \rightarrow 19\%$  (C)  $\text{CFC} \rightarrow 17\%$  (D)  $\text{N}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 20\%$

- (15) The drop of liquid is spherical. It is due to its :  
 (A) Surface Tension (B) Viscosity  
 (C) Vapour Pressure (D) All of these
- (16) Which of the following statement is true ?  
 (A) Beryl is silicate type ore of Al and it contains  $\text{Si}_4\text{O}_{12}^{6-}$  silicate ion.  
 (B) In dimeric structure of aluminium chloride, each Al is bonded to three Cl-atoms directly.  
 (C) B and C elements are non-metals while Tl and Pb are metallic in nature.  
 (D) In gr-13, Boron can form only octa hedral complexes while Al, Ga, In and Tl can not form only tetrahedral complexes.

SECTION - B

- Answer the following questions in very short. (Each of 1 mark) [16]
- (17) Define : Critical Temperature of Gas
- (18) Compare the diffusion rates of  $\text{CH}_4$  and  $\text{SO}_2$  gases under similar conditions (Mol. mass of  $\text{CH}_4 = 16 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$  and  $\text{SO}_2 = 64 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ ).
- (19) Calcium phosphate is partly soluble in water but becomes soluble in HCl. Why ?
- (20) What is main difference between the terms dissociation and Ionisation of electrolyte ?
- (21) Give the IUPAC name of :



- (22) What is called Secondary Carbon ? Give its illustration.
- (23) Draw the structure of diborane.
- (24) Write chemical reaction to obtain lithium aluminium hydride.
- (25) Give any two uses of tungsten carbide.
- (26) Give structural formula of the compound :  
 4 - Ethyl - 2, 6 - Dimethyl Oct - 4 - ene

OR

Two electronic Lewis Structures of Benzene.

- (27) Give chemical reaction showing acidic nature of ethyne.
- (28) Give structural formula, one of cyclic and one of acyclic of hydrocarbon having molecular formula  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}$  with their names.
- (29) Which products are obtained by destructive distillation of mineral coal ?
- (30) Give the chemical reaction to convert sodium propanoate into ethane.
- (31) Write full forms of BOD, BIS

OR

Give structure of 1, 2 - Benzpyrene.

- (32) Define : Acid rain