4

- (b) Show that if T ∈ A (V) has all its characteristic roots in F, then there is a basis of V in which the matrix of T is triangular.
- 15. Let D be a division ring such that for every a ∈ D, there exists a positive integer n (a) > 1, depending on a such that a^{n(a)} = a. Show that D is a commutative field.

Register Number :

Name of the Candidate :

6093

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 2012

(MATHEMATICS)

(FIRST YEAR)

(PAPER - I)

110. ALGEBRA

May]

[Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

SECTION - A $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

Answer any EIGHT questions. ALL questions carry equal marks.

- 1. Show that the subgroup of N of G is a normal subgroup of G if and only if, every left coset of N in G is a right coset of N in G.
- 2. Show that S_n has as a normal subgroup of index 2 the alternating group A_n consiisting of even permutations.

- 3. Show that if F is a field, prove its only ideals are { 0 } and F itself.
- If f(x), g(x) are non zero elements in F(x) then, show that

 $\deg f(x) \le \deg [f(x) g(x)].$

5. If S is a subset of V then, show that

L(L(S)) = L(S).

- 6. Show that if V is finite dimensional and v ≠ 0 then, there is an element f ∈ V* such that f(v) ≠ 0.
- 7. Prove that a subgroup of a solvable group is solvable.
- 8. Define fixed field of G. Show that the fixed field of G is a subfield of K.
- 9. If S and T are nil potent linear transformations with commute, then ST and S + T are nil potent linear transformations.
- 10. Show that if T is Hermitian and $vT^k = 0$ for $k \ge$ when vT = 0.

SECTION - B $(3 \times 20 = 60)$

Answer any THREE questions. ALL questions carry equal marks.

- 11. (a) Let ϕ be a homomorphism of G onto G with kernel K. Then, show that $\frac{G}{K}$ is isomorphic to \overline{G}
 - (b) Show that if p is a prime number and p/o (G) then, G has an element of order p.
- 12. (a) Show that the ideal $A = \langle a_0 \rangle$ is a maximal ideal of the Euclidean ring R if and only if a_0 is a prime element of R.
 - (b) Show that J[i] is Euclidean ring.
- 13. (a) Show that if V is finite dimensional overF, then any two basis of V have the same number of elements.
 - (b) Let V be a finite dimensional inner product space. Show that V has an orthonormal set as a basis.
- 14. (a) Show that if F is of characteristic O and a , b are algebraic over F, then there exist C ∈ F (a, b) such that F (a, b) = F(c).

Turn Over