Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

Subject Code:2131407

Subject Name: Basic Food Microbiology

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-III (New) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2015

Date:21/12/2015

	_	to 5:00pm	Total Marks: 70
	Attemy Make	pt all questions. suitable assumptions wherever necessary. s to the right indicate full marks.	
			MARKS
Q.1		Short Questions (1 mark each)	14
	1	Write full form of ELISA	
	2	Which enzyme is used for extension of DNA in PCF	3.?
	3	Name one each gram +ve cocci and gram-ve bacilli Write full form of IMViC	
	4 5	Which blotting is used for RNA	
	6	Penicillin is commercially produced from which fungus'	?
	7	What is facultative anaerobic microorganism	
	8	Name the inventor of 1 st synthetic antibiotic.	
	9	Name an example of photoautotrophic bacteria	
	10	What is a thermoduric bacteria? Give one example	
	11 12	Bacteriocin is a primary or secondary metabolite? Give an example of differential medium	
	13	Suggest an application of bacteria in environment	
	14	Name 3 domains of life.	
Q.2	(a)	Draw a scheme with characteristics of 5 kingdo: classification	m 03
	(b)	What is the generation time of a bacterial population th increases from 10,000 cells to 10,000,000 cells in for hours of growth?	
	(c)	Describe the difference between gram +ve and gram -ve bacteria	ve 07
		OR	
	(c)	Describe the difference between prokaryote are eukaryote	nd 07
Q.3	(a)	Draw flowchart to depict the steps of western blotting technique	ng 03
	(b)	If 280 colonies were obtained on a given plate which we prepared by spread plating with 5th dilution, determine	
		the microbial count in terms of log cfu/ml	ic .
	(c)	Draw a diagram to depict the growth phases microorganisms. Label the phases and give example primary and secondary metabolite. During which phathese metabolites are produced?	of
0.3	(2)	OR Describe the concent of IMViC test. Suggest how it hal	02
Q.3	(a)	Describe the concept of IMViC test. Suggest how it help in differentiating enteric bacteria	os 03
	(b)	What is the difference between auxotroph ar	nd 04

	(c)	bradytropic microorganism. Draw a schematic illustration to depict replica plating for isolation of auxotrophs. Justify the comment "Louis Pasteur is aptly known as Father of microbiology"	07
Q.4	(a)	Enlist various methods to control microorganisms using	03
	(b)	any physical and chemical agents. Enlist advantages of molecular methods to detect	04
	(c)	microorganisms in foods Describe Griffith experiment to demonstrate bacterial transformation of "R" into "S" strain. OR	07
Q.4	(a)	A typical bacterial cell increases from one cell to 256 cells in 10 hours. What is the generation time of this organism?	03
	(b)	Enlist various fermented foods and microorganisms used to prepare the fermented foods in tabular form	04
	(c)	Draw a diagram to depict a typical PCR cycle. What is the significance of Taq polymerase?	07
Q.5	(a)	What are probiotics and its health benefits? What are prebiotics, explain with example.	03
	(b)	What is the difference between HFr and F' plasmids? Draw diagram to depict conjugative transfer of plasmid DNA.	04
	(c)	Draw flowchart depicting steps of ELISA. OR	07
Q.5	(a)	Draw a diagram to depict the steps of transduction.	03
•	(b)	Describe the steps of negative staining. How negative staining is useful than a heat fixed smear required for	04
	(c)	conventional staining methods? Describe koch postulates in form of flowchart.	07
	(0)	DESCRIBE KUCH PUSHIIAIES III IUHH UL HUWCHAH.	U/
