GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BE – SEMESTER – VIII.EXAMINATION – WINTER 2016

Subject Code: 180805Date: 22/10/2016Subject Name: High Voltage Engineering (Department Elective - II)Time: 02:30 PM to 05:00 PMTotal Marks: 70Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) Why is a Cockcroft-Walton circuit preferred for voltage multiplier circuits? 07 Explain its working with a schematic diagram.
 - (b) Give the Marx circuit arrangement for multistage impulse generators. How is the basic arrangement modified to accommodate the wave time control resistances?
- Q.2 (a) Describe, with a neat sketch, the working of a Van de Graff generator. What are 07 the factors that limit the maximum voltage obtained?
 - (b) A 12 stage impulse generator has $0.126 \ \mu F$ capacitors. The wave front and the **07** wave tail resistances connected are 800 ohms and 5000 ohms respectively. If the load capacitor is 1000pF, find the front and tail times of the impulse wave produced.

OR

- (b) Cockcroft Walton type voltage multiplier has 10 stages with capacitances, all equal to $0.06 \ \mu\text{F}$. The supply transformer secondary voltage is 100kV at a frequency of 150Hz. If the load current to be supplied is 1mA. Find
 - a) the % ripple
 - b) the regulation
 - c) The optimum no. of stages for minimum regulation or voltage drop.
- Q.3 (a) Define the Townsend first & second ionization co-efficient. Also derive the 07 equation for second ionization co-efficient?
 - (b) State and explain Paschen's law with the help of characteristics curve. 07

OR

- Q.3 (a) Explain how a sphere gap can be used to measure the peak value of voltages. 07 What are the parameters and factors that influence such voltage measurement?
 - (b) What are "Treeing" & "Tracking"? Explain clearly the two processes in solid dielectrics.
- Q.4 (a) Explain high voltage Schering Bridge for measurement of capacitance and tanδ of 07 an insulator.
 - (b) Explain the principle and construction of an electrostatic voltmeter for very high Voltages. What are its merits and demerits for high voltage a.c. measurements?

OR

- Q.4 (a) Draw the layout of High voltage Laboratory & write the specification of High voltage laboratory equipments.
 - (b) What is meant by Insulation Coordination? How are the protective device 07 chosen for Optimal Insulation Level in power system?
- Q.5 (a) Give different circuits that produce impulse waves explaining clearly their 07 relative merits and demerits.
 - (b) Explain High voltage Test on insulator.

07

- Q.5 (a) What is the principle of operation of a resonant transformer? How it is 07 advantageous over the cascade connected transformers?
 - (b) Define the front and tail times of an impulse wave. What are the tolerances 07 allowed as per the specifications?
