

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**BE – SEMESTER – VIII. EXAMINATION – WINTER 2016**

**Subject Code: 181104****Date: 20/10/2016****Subject Name: Advanced Microprocessors****Time: 02:30 PM to 05:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Answer the following questions **07**
- (1) When 8086 is reset the next instruction is fetched from which memory location?
  - (2) What are the special uses of DX register in 8086?
  - (3) What is the use of TEST pin of 8086?
  - (4) What is the difference between RET and IRET instruction?
  - (5) When does 8086 update the instruction queue? Why?
  - (6) What is the use of BHE and A<sub>0</sub> in 8086?
  - (7) What is the maximum size of a segment in 8086? How is it computed?
- (b) Discuss the internal architecture of 8086 microprocessor. Compare 8086 and 8088 microprocessors in terms of their architecture and pin configuration. **07**
- Q.2** (a) What do you mean by addressing modes? List the 8086 addressing modes and explain any two of the memory addressing modes with suitable examples. **07**
- (b) Briefly explain various methods of passing parameters to and from procedure with their merits and demerits. And also define reentrant and recursive procedures. **07**
- OR**
- (b) (i) What are advantages of memory segmentation in 8086? **07**  
(ii) If CS=3499H & IP=2500H in 8086 find logical address, physical address, lower & upper ranges of code segment.  
(iii) What are the uses of segment registers in 8086?
- Q.3** (a) Write an assembly language program in 8086 to arrange a given array of numbers in ascending order. **07**
- (b) Explain the following instructions (i)LODS (ii)AAA (iii)SHL (iv)LOOPE **07**  
Explain the following directives (i)DUP (ii)DB(iii)EQU
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) It is required to interface 64 KB RAM and 64 KB EPROM chips with 8086 according to the following assumptions:- **07**  
The starting address of RAM is 00000 H  
The starting address of EPROM is FFFFF H  
Show the implementation of this memory system.
- (b) Write an assembly language program in 8086 to reverse a string. **07**
- Q.4** (a) Explain interrupt processing sequence in 8086 with proper flowchart. **07**
- (b) List the four major processing units in an 80286 microprocessor and briefly describe the function of each. **07**
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) Draw the block diagram of microprocessor 80186 and describe basic features of it. **07**

- (b) Write an assembly language program to convert given string from uppercase to lowercase. **07**
- Q.5** (a) Explain the memory management in 80386 microprocessor. **07**  
(b) What is virtual mode addressing? What are the steps taken in moving to protected mode from real mode? **07**
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) Draw Pentium system architecture and describe the five stage pipeline mechanism **07**  
(b) Write a short note on 80486 microprocessor. **07**

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