## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** BE – SEMESTER – VIII.EXAMINATION – WINTER 2016

# Subject Code: 181303Date: 21/10/2016Subject Name: Treatment Process Design and DrawingTime: 02:30 PM to 05:00 PMInstructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- **3.** Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) Explain the following terms with reference to air pollution control equipments: 07
  (i) A/F ratio (ii) Pressure drop (iii) Relaxation time (iv) Saltation velocity
  (v) Velocity ratio (vi) Number of turns (vii) Collection efficiency
  - (b) Enlist and explain all the necessary design considerations to design the ETP as 07 well as STP.
- Q.2 (a) Write Carmen Kozeny equation and determine the clear water headloss in a filter bed composed of 30 cm uniform enthracite with an average size of 1.6 mm & 30 cm of uniform sand with average size of 0.5 mm for filtration rate of 160 L/m<sup>2</sup> min. with use of Rose equation. Take kinematic viscosity=  $1.003 \times 10^{-6}$  m/s<sup>2</sup>,  $\alpha = 0.4$ ,  $\phi = 1$ 
  - (b) Enlist the types of the reactors used for wastewater treatment and briefly explain 07 any two with neat sketch.

#### OR

- (b) Design RBC to serve 1000 persons. Assume 80% BOD removal at an organic 07 load of 20g BOD/m<sup>2</sup> day. Take diameter of discs is 3 m and space is 5 cm.
- Q.3 Design a clariflocculator for a flow of 2000 KLD. Assume suitable data. 14

### OR

- Q.3 Design a mechanically cleaned bar rack for a peak flow of 80 MLD. Flow 14 condition in incoming sewer is given below:
  - Diameter of sewer: 1.53 m
  - Depth of flow at peak flow: 1 m
  - Velocity at peak design flow: 0.8 m/sec
  - Depth of screen chamber flow with respect to sewer invert is 0.08 m

- Average output from tube settler = 6000 KLD
- Loss of water in desludging = 2% of output
- Diameter of tube = 50 mm
- Length of tube = 1 m
- Angle of inclination =  $60^{\circ}$
- (b) Write down the design criteria for rapid sand filter.

07

07

Q.4 Design a complete mix type ASP to treat 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>/sec waste flow having BOD of 14 200 mg/l and BOD of treated effluent should be 20 mg/l with following assumptions:

OR

- MLVSS: 3000 mg/l
- MCRT: 10 days
- Conc. of recycled sludge: 15000 mg/l
- Effluent contains 23 mg/l of bio solids of which 63% is biodegradable
- MLVSS ratio: 0.8
- Y: 0.65
- k<sub>d</sub>: 0.05
- Q.5 (a) With the help of neat sketch, explain the construction and working of cyclone 07 separator.
  - (b) Find the dimensions of UASBR for an average flow of 4 MLD of wastewater 07 with following data.
    - COD of ww: 500 mg/l
    - HRT: 6 hrs.
    - COD loading: 1 to 2 kg COD/  $m^3$ / day
    - Upflow velocity: 0.75 m/hr
    - Velocity of ww in settling chamber: < 1.5 m /hr
    - Flow area covered by each inlet: 1 to 2 m<sup>2</sup>

#### OR

- Q.5 (a) Write down the purpose and location of following unit operation in water 07 treatment plant.
  - (i) Ammonia striping (ii) Pre-chlorination (iii) Sludge digestion
  - (iv) Flocculation (v) Sludge concentration (vi) Air floatation (vii) Coagulation
  - (b) With assumption of suitable criteria design a bag filter for the flow of 5 m<sup>3</sup>/sec. 07

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