

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BE – SEMESTER – VIII. EXAMINATION – WINTER 2016

Subject Code: 181604**Date: 22/10/2016****Subject Name: Design and Analysis of Algorithm (Department Elective - II)****Time: 02:30 PM to 05:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) What do you mean by performance analysis of an algorithm? Explain average case and worst case analysis with the help of suitable example. **07**
- (b) Define Time Complexity and Space Complexity. Why we are generally concerned with Time Complexities than Space Complexities? What is a major contributor for inefficiency of a loop? What will be theta notation for: $4n^3+5n+6$? **07**
- Q.2** (a) Define an amortized analysis. Briefly explain its different techniques. Carry out aggregate analysis for the problem of implementing a k-bit binary counter that counts upward from 0. **07**
- (b) Sort the letters of word “DESIGN” in alphabetical order using Insertion sort algorithm. **07**
- OR**
- (b) Give the properties of Heap Tree. Sort the following data with Heap Sort Method: 65, 75, 5, 55, 25, 30, 90, 45, 80. **07**
- Q.3** (a) Explain Dijkstra’s algorithm to find minimum distance of all nodes from a given node. (Greedy algorithm) **07**
- (b) Solve following knapsack problem using dynamic programming algorithm with given capacity $W=5$, Weight and Value are as follows : (2, 12), (1, 10), (3, 20), (2, 15). **07**
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) What is a fractional knapsack problem? Design and analyze greedy algorithm to solve it. **07**
- (b) Solve Making Change problem using Dynamic Programming. (denominations: $d_1=1, d_2=4, d_3=6$). Give your answer for making change of Rs. 8. **07**
- Q.4** (a) Using greedy algorithm find an optimal schedule for following jobs with $n=5$ profits: $(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5) = (3, 5, 18, 20, 38)$ and deadline : $(d_1, d_2, d_3, d_4, d_5) = (1, 3, 3, 4, 1)$ **07**
- (b) Compute Matrix chain order for the following matrices, **07**
 $A_1 (5 \times 4)$, $A_2 (4 \times 6)$, $A_3 (6 \times 2)$, $A_4 (2 \times 7)$
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) Develop an algorithm and program (recursive function) to calculate the GCD of two integers using Top-Down Design. Analyze the algorithm. **07**
- (b) Using algorithm determine an Longest Common Sequence of $S_1 = \text{“abbacdcb”}$ $S_2 = \text{“bcdbbcaac”}$ (use dynamic programming). **07**
- Q.5** (a) Give the important properties of relation and also solve 8 – queen’s problem for a feasible sequence (6, 4, 7, 1) **07**
- (b) With an example, explain how the branch and bound technique is used to solve 0/1 knapsack problem. **07**

OR

- Q.5** (a) What is polynomially Turing reducible problem? Explain with example how problem A can be polynomially Turing reduced to problem B. **07**
- (b) Explain with example how backtracking algorithm is useful in solving Hamilton cycle problem. **07**
