Enrolment No.\_\_\_\_\_

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BE - SEMESTER- V • EXAMINATION - WINTER 2016**

		bject Code: 151002 Date: 19/11/2016 bject Name: Engineering Electromagnetics	
	Ti	me: 10:30AM – 01:00PM Total Marks: 70 tructions:	
		<ol> <li>Attempt all questions.</li> <li>Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.</li> <li>Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> </ol>	
Q.1	<b>(a)</b>	Given two points , $M(2,5,-3)$ and $N(-3,1,4)$ : (i) Find their separation (ii) find the distance from the origin to the midpoint of the line MN (iii) Find a unit vector in the direction of <b>R</b> <sub>MN</sub> .	07
	(b)	(i) Find $\mathbf{a}_x$ in spherical components at P (3,-4, 5). (ii) Find $\mathbf{a}_{\theta}$ in Cartesian components at P(3,-4,5).	07
Q.2	<b>(a)</b>	Evaluate both sides of the divergence theorem for the field $\mathbf{D} = 2xy \mathbf{a}_x + x^2 \mathbf{a}_y C/m^2$ and the rectangular parallelepiped formed by the planes $x = 0$ and 1, $y = 0$ and 2, and $z = 0$ and 3.	07
	<b>(b)</b>	Using Gauss's law, explain the concept of divergence. Prove Divergence Theorem and obtain Maxwell's first equation	07
	(b)	<b>OR</b> Derive the expression for the electric field E due to infinite sheet of charge having a uniform density of $\rho_S C/m^2$ .	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Write Maxwell's equations in point form and explain physical significance of equations. Assuming the potential function V varies as a function of $\rho$ in cylindrical coordinates systems, obtain the solution of Laplace equation and deduce the value of capacitance of a coaxial capacitor. <b>OR</b>	07 07
Q.3	(a)	Explain uniqueness theorem in brief. Also derive the expression of E if boundary conditions for two radial planes are given by $V = 0$ at $\Phi = 0$ and $V = V_0$ at $\Phi = \alpha$ .	07
0.4	(b)	Write a detailed note on potential gradient.	07 07
Q.4	(a)	An infinitely long coaxial cable is carrying current I by the inner conductor of radius 'a' and $-I$ by the outer conductor of radii 'b' and 'c'. Where c>b.	07
	(b)	Deduce the expressions for H at (i) $\rho < a$ (ii) $a < \rho < b$ (iii) $b < \rho < c$ (iv) $\rho > c$ . Define magnetic flux & magnetic field intensity. Also explain Magnetic boundary conditions in brief.	07
Q.4	(a)	<b>OR</b> Let $\mu = \mu_1 = 4 \mu H/m$ in region 1 where z>0, while $\mu_2 = 7 \mu H/m$ wherever z<0. Moreover, let	07
<b>Q.</b> -	( <b>u</b> )	$\mathbf{K}$ =80 $\mathbf{a}_x$ A/m on the surface z=0. In region 1, the magnetic flux density is $\mathbf{B}_1 = 2 \mathbf{a}_x - 3 \mathbf{a}_y + \mathbf{a}_z$ mT. Find $\mathbf{B}_2$	07
	<b>(b</b> )	State and prove Poynting theorem relating to the flow of energy at a point in space in an electromagnetic field.	07
Q.5	(a)	Prove that for a differential current loop which carries current I in a given magnetic field, the torque on that loop is given by $d\mathbf{T} = d\mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{B}$	07
	<b>(b</b> )	Define the term "curl". Also explain the point form of "Ampere's circuital law". OR	07
Q.5	<b>(a)</b>	Write Short note on the followings. 1) Skin effect	07
	(b)	2) The retarded potentials An E field in free space is given as $\mathbf{E} = 800 \cos(10^8 t - \beta y) \mathbf{a}_z \text{ V/m. find (i)}\beta$ (ii) $\lambda$ (iii) H at P(0.1, 1.5, 0.4) at t = 8 ns.	07

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