No. of Printed Pages: 5

BME-050

DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (DME)/DMEVI

Term-End Examination

00512

December, 2016

BME-050: ENGINEERING MATERIALS

Time: 2 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Question number 1 is **compulsory**. Attempt any **four** questions out of the remaining questions numbered 2 to 6. Use of calculator is permitted.

- 1. Select the correct answer from the given alternatives for each part given below: $14 \times 1 = 14$
 - (a) The Knoop Hardness Number (KHN) is
 - (i) $\frac{Wh}{V}$
 - (ii) $\frac{P}{d^2C}$
 - (iii) $\frac{Pd^2}{C}$
 - (iv) $\frac{V}{Wh}$

- (b) The tensile strength of Grey Cast Iron is
 - (i) 825 MPa
 - (ii) 205 MPa
 - (iii) 165 MPa
 - (iv) 100 MPa
- (c) The fracture that occurs without any appreciable plastic deformation is
 - (i) Brittle fracture
 - (ii) Ductile fracture
 - (iii) Creep
 - (iv) Malleable fracture
- (d) The tangent of the shear angle, that results from an applied shear load is
 - (i) Shear stress
 - (ii) Shear strain
 - (iii) Residual stress
 - (iv) True strain
- (e) Which of the following materials is **not** used for making Drills, Taps, Knives, etc.?
 - (i) High carbon steel
 - (ii) Mild steel
 - (iii) Tool steel
 - (iv) H.S. steel

(ii) Mild steel (iii) Medium carbon steel (iv) High carbon steel (iv) High carbon steel (g) The tensile strength of pure iron is around (in N/mm²) (i) 350 (ii) 300 (iii) 250 (iv) 200 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (iv) Izod Test (iv) Izod Test (iv) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C (iv) 1070°C	(f)	The steels which contain carbon between 0.25% and 0.55% are		
(iii) Medium carbon steel (iv) High carbon steel (g) The tensile strength of pure iron is around (in N/mm²) (i) 350 (ii) 300 (iii) 250 (iv) 200 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C		(i)	Low carbon steel	
(iv) High carbon steel (g) The tensile strength of pure iron is around (in N/mm²) (i) 350 (ii) 300 (iii) 250 (iv) 200 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C		(ii)	Mild steel	
(g) The tensile strength of pure iron is around (in N/mm²) (i) 350 (ii) 300 (iii) 250 (iv) 200 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C		(iii)	Medium carbon steel	
(in N/mm²) (i) 350 (ii) 300 (iii) 250 (iv) 200 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C		(iv)	High carbon steel	
(ii) 300 (iii) 250 (iv) 200 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C	(g)			
 (iii) 250 (iv) 200 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C 		(i)	350	
 (iv) 200 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C 		(ii)	300	
 (h) The more convenient laboratory test for hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C 		(iii)	250	
hardenability is (i) Jominy Test (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C		(iv)	200	
 (ii) Cylinder Series Test (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C 	(h)		•	
 (iii) Charpy Test (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C 		(i)	Jominy Test	
 (iv) Izod Test (i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C 		(ii)	Cylinder Series Test	
(i) Annealing is done by heating ferritic steel to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C		(iii)	Charpy Test	
to a temperature of (i) 770°C (ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C		(iv)	Izod Test	
(ii) 870°C (iii) 970°C	(i)			
(iii) 970°C		(i)	770°C	
		(ii)	870°C	
(iv) 1070°C		(iii)	970°C	
		(iv)	1070°C	

(j)	Alur	ninium alloy has/is
-	(i)	High density
	(ii)	Low density
	(iii)	Toxic
	(iv)	Poor electrical conductivity
(k)		alloy of Tin, Copper, Lead and mony is
•	(i)	Bronze
	(ii)	Babbit
	(iii)	Brass
	(iv)	Monel metal
(1)	A m	ixture of particles of Cementite (Fe ₃ C)
	in a	Ferrite matrix is
	(i)	Bainite
	(ii)	Martensite
	(iii)	Spheroidite
	(iv)	Pearlite
(m)	_	as used in the manufacture of synthetic per is
	(i)	Hydrogen
	(ii)	Butadiene
	(iii)	Nitrogen
	(iv)	Beryllium
BME-050		4

(n)	Diffusion of silicon into solid metal, usually steel, at an elevated temperature is			
	(i) Nitriding			
	(ii) Siliconizing			
	(iii) Silicon diffusion			
	(iv) Anodizing			
(a)	Explain Universal Testing Machine with diagram.			
(b)	How does strain rate influence Yield strength, Ultimate tensile strength and Percent elongation? $2\times7=14$			
(a)	Describe Induction Type Electric Furnace with diagram.			
(b)	What are the applications of Low, Medium and High carbon steels? $2\times7=14$			
(a)	What is martensite and how is it formed?			
(b)	Explain the process of Normalising. $2\times7=14$			
(a)	How is the cast iron classified?			
(b)	Write the applications of magnesium and its alloys. $2\times7=14$			
Write short notes on the following: $2\times7=14$				
(a)	Natural Polymers			

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

(b) Adhesive Bonding